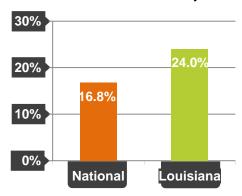




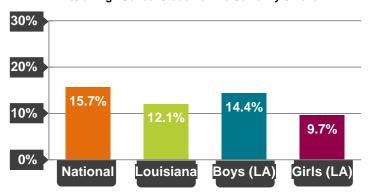
# TOBACCO IN LOUISIANA

# CIGARETTE USE\*

% of Adults Who Currently Smoke



% of High School Students who Currently Smoke



# OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCT USE

- The prevalence of smokeless tobacco use among adults in Louisiana was 5.7% in 2013.
  6.6% of adult current cigarette smokers in Louisiana were also current smokeless tobacco users in 2013.<sup>3</sup>
- In 2013, 12.7% of high school students in Louisiana used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 8.8% of high school students used smokeless tobacco on at least one day in the past 30 days.<sup>2</sup>
- In 2013, 14.4% of high school students in Louisiana smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 12.6% of high school students smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days.<sup>2</sup>

### ECONOMICS OF TOBACCO USE AND TOBACCO CONTROL

- In FY2016, Louisiana allocated \$7 million in state funds to tobacco prevention, which is 11.7% of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) Annual Spending Target.<sup>4</sup>
- Louisiana received an estimated \$398 million in tobacco settlement payments and taxes in FY2016.<sup>4</sup>
- The health care costs in Louisiana, directly caused by smoking, amount to \$1.89 billion annually.<sup>4</sup>
- Louisiana loses \$2.49 billion in productivity each year due to smoking.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> National and state-level prevalence numbers reflect the most recent data available. This may differ across state fact sheets.

# STATE TOBACCO LAWS<sup>6-8</sup>

### **EXCISE TAX**

 The state tax increased to \$1.08 per pack of cigarettes in April 2016. Smokeless tobacco is taxed 20% of the invoice price and smoking tobacco is taxed 33% of the invoice price.
 Cigars are taxed between 8% and 20% depending on the manufactures invoice price.

### **CLEAN INDOOR AIR ORDINANCES**

- Smoking is prohibited in all government workplaces, private workplaces, schools, childcare facilities, restaurants, retail stores, and recreational/cultural facilities.
- Smoking restrictions are required in casinos/gaming establishments (tribal establishments are exempt).
- There are no smoking restrictions in bars.

# YOUTH ACCESS LAWS

- The minimum age requirement for the purchase of tobacco products is 18, and penalties exist for both minors and merchants who violate this law.
- Establishments are required to post signs stating that sales to minors are prohibited.
- The sale to minors of alternative nicotine products, electronic cigarettes, and vaporizers is prohibited.

# **CESSATION STATISTICS AND BENEFITS**

- The CDC estimates that 60.8% of adult every day smokers in Louisiana quit smoking for one or more days in 2014.8
- Louisiana's Medicaid program covers Bupropion/Zyban and phone counseling. Coverage for other cessation medications and group counseling varies by health plan.<sup>7†</sup>
- The state's Medicaid program's barriers to coverage include co-payments, limits on duration, required prior authorization and required counseling to get medications.<sup>7</sup>
- Louisiana's state quitline invests \$1.28 per smoker; the national average investment per smoker is \$3.37.7
- Louisiana does not have a private insurance mandate provision for cessation.<sup>7</sup>

Fiore MC, et al. Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence: 2008 Update. Clinical Practice Guideline. Rockville, MD: US Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service: May 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> The seven recommended cessation medications are NRT Gum, NRT Patch, NRT Nasal Spray, NRT Inhaler, NRT Lozenge, Varenicline (Chantix), and Bupropion (Zyban).

# **REFERENCES**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2014

CDC, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 2013
 CDC, State-Specific Prevalence of Cigarette Smoking and Smokeless Tobacco Use Among Adults—MMWR, United States, 2011-2013

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, Broken Promises to Our Children: a State-by-State Look at the 1998 State Tobacco Settlement 17 Years Later FY2016, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, Toll of Tobacco in the United States, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> American Lung Association, SLATI State Reports, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> American Lung Association, State of Tobacco Control, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation System, 2014